

# Competition between spin-orbit coupling and magnetic exchange splitting in $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$

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The layered perovskite  $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$  has attracted considerable interest owing to its complicated electronic structures.  $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$  is antiferromagnetic insulating below 110 K, and paramagnetic insulating from 110 K to 357 K. Under external pressure,  $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$  undergoes an antiferromagnetic-ferromagnetic transition at 0.5 GPa. Surprisingly, the observed ferromagnetic moment  $M=0.4 \mu_B/\text{Ru}$  is much smaller than the expected value of  $2 \mu_B/\text{Ru}$ . In this work, the magnetic properties of  $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$  are investigated by using the density functional calculations including the spin-orbit coupling and Coulomb repulsion. It is found that the low moment state originates in a Coulomb-enhanced spin-orbit splitting, which strongly suppresses the spin-moment. A simple formula is provided to discuss the competition between the spin-orbit coupling and magnetic exchange splitting. The electronic structures of  $\text{Ca}_2\text{RuO}_4$ , including the antiferromagnetic insulating, paramagnetic insulating, and ferromagnetic metallic, can be consistently explained within this competitive picture.